

SOLDER CONNECTION

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QUALITEK Technical Bulletin

NC600 63/37 SOLDER WIRE

DESCRIPTION

A no clean flux system that is available in lead-containing alloys. It provides the fluxing activity levels that promote fast wetting action and maximum wetting spread. Utilizing synthetically refined resin and very effective activator, NC600 wets and spreads like an RA type flux core. NC600 exhibits virtually no spattering and leaves minimal residue.

FEATURES AND BENEFITS

- Excellent wettability
- Yields clear, non-conductive residues

FEATURES AND BENEFITS

Colour & Appearance Flux Classification	Specification Light yellow opaque solid RELO	Test Method Visual J-STD-004		
Copper Mirror	No removal of copper film	IPC-TM-650 2.3.32		
Corrosion SIR	Pass	IPC-TM-650 2.6.15		
JSTD-004, Pattern Down	2.05 x 10 ¹¹	IPC-TM-650 2.6.3.3		
Electromigration Post Reflow Flux Residue Acid Value (mgKOH/g) Flux Residue Dryness Spitting of Flux-Cored Solder Solder Spread	Pass 55% 190-210 Pass 0.3% 100 mm ²	Bellcore GR-78-CORE 13.1.4 TGA Analysis IPC-TM-650 2.3.13 IPC-TM-650 2.4.47 IPC-TM-650 2.4.48 IPC-TM-650 2.4.46		

WIRE DIAMETER

Delta Solder Wire NC600 63/37 is available in a variety of diameters. The chosen diameter is based on application methods, pad size, and desired solder joint volume. Generally, the diameter of the wire should be slightly larger than the width/diameter of the joint or connection to be soldered. Below is a list of standard diameters /

Diamter/Inch	0.125	0.092	0.062	0.050	0.040	0.032	0.028	0.025	0.020	0.015
Diameter/mm	3.18	2.33	1.57	1.27	1.01	0.81	0.71	0.63	0.51	0.38
Std.Wire	11	13	16	18	19	21	22	23	25	28
Gauge										
Tolerance, in.	+/-0.006	+/-0.005	+/-0.003	+/-0.003	+/-0.002	+/-0.002	+/-0.002	+/-0.002	+/-0.002	+/-0.002

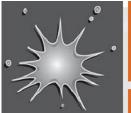
FLUX PERCENTAGE

Utilizes a state-of-the-art automatic wire extrusion and wire drawing machines to manufacture consistent solder. The introduction of flux core in the wire extrusion process involves continual monitoring of flux percentage to ensure minimal flux voids and irregular wire. Typical flux percentage for leaded solder is 1.1 - 3.3%.

PHYSCIAL PROPERTIES

A no clean resin based core flux with alloy composition Sn63/Pb37, which is a eutectic alloy. 63/37 alloys conform to and exceed the impurity requirements of IPC-J-STD-006C.

Issue 1 - 25/02/20



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TYPICAL ANALYSIS

Typical Analysis													
Sn	Ag	Cu	Pb	Sb	Bi	In	As	Fe	Ni	Cd	Al	Zn	Au
62.5 63.5	0.100 Max	0.080 Max	Bal	0.200 Max	0.100 Max	0.100 Max	0.030 Max	0.020 Max	0.010 Max	0.002 Max	0.005 Max	0.003 Max	0.050 Max

14

3.3

1

1100 900

	Sn63/Pb37	
Melting Point, ℃	183 E	Yield Strength, psi
Hardness, Brinell	14 HB	Total Elongation,%
Coefficient of Thermal Expansion	24.7	Joint Shear Strength, at 0.1mm/min 20 ℃
Tensile Strength, psi	4442	Joint Shear Strength, at 0.1mm/min 100 ℃
Density, g/cm ³	8.42	Creep Strength, N/mm ² at 0.1mm/min 20 ℃
Electrical Resistivity, (μΩ-cm)	14.5	Creep Strength, N/mm ² at 0.1mm/min 100 ℃
Electrical Conductivity, 10 ⁴ /ohm-cm	6.9	Joint Fatigue Cycle, 15N/mm ² 20 °C 10N/mm ² 100 °C

FLUX RESIDUES & CLEANING

NC600 is a no clean formulation; therefore, residue removal is not required for typical applications. If residue removal is desired, the use of Everkleen 1005 Buffered Saponifier with a 5-15% concentration in hot 60 °C (140 °F) de-ionized water will aid in residue removal.

STORAGE & SHELF LIFE

Solder wire storage should be in a 65-80 °F environment away from direct heat. We recommend using gloves when handling solder wire directly. Solder wire has an indefinite shelf life.

DISPOSAL

NC600 63/37 solder should be disposed of in accordance with federal, state & local authority requirements.

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